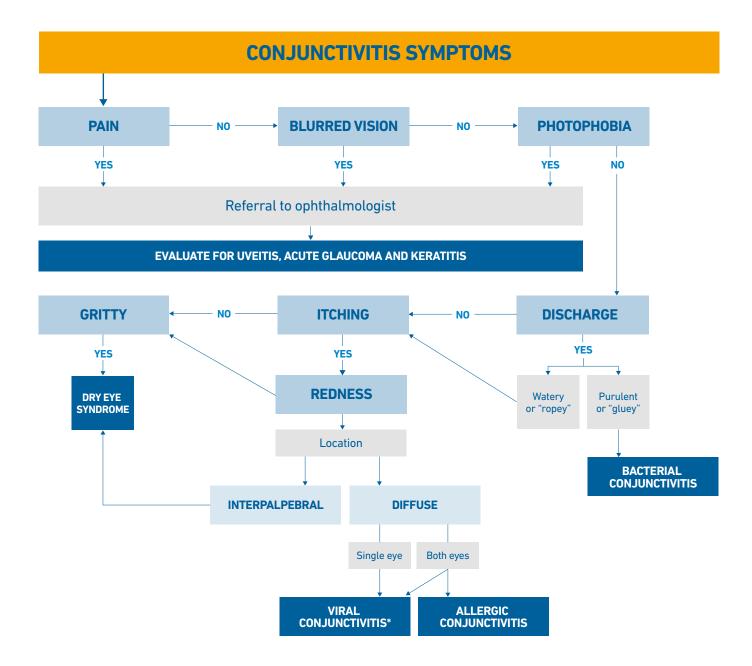
## **CONJUNCTIVITIS/RED EYE**

Conjunctivitis/red eye is a common presentation to primary care, including GPs. This flowchart can be used to help identify and triage patients with suspected conjunctivitis.



<sup>\*</sup>Starts unilaterally but may have spread to both eyes by the time they present to the clinic.











## **GENERAL PRACTICE INFORMATION**

## Preferred practice patterns for conjunctivitis

DIAGNOSIS	TREATMENT	EXTRA TESTS	DURATION
Bacterial	<ul> <li>Topical antibiotics</li> </ul>	Culture if gonococcal or chlamydial origin	2–5 days in mild-to-moderate cases
Viral	<ul> <li>None except patient isolation</li> <li>Artificial tears and/or oral analgesics may mitigate symptoms</li> <li>Topical corticosteroids in severe cases</li> </ul>	PCR for confirmation	1–2 weeks
Allergic	<ul><li>Artificial tears</li><li>Cold compress</li><li>Topical antihistamines</li></ul>	None	1–3 days

Adapted from: Varu DM, Rhee EK, Akpek EK et al.1







1. Varu DM, Rhee MK, Akpek EK, et al on behalf of American Academy of Ophthalmology Preferred Practice Pattern Cornea and External Disease Panel. Conjunctivitis Preferred Practice Pattern®. Ophthalmology. 2019 Jan;126(1):P94-P169.

For more information or to refer a patient, please visit our website: visioneyeinstitute.com.au/healthcare-professionals/

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